IS YOUR HORSE 'GRASS-AFFECTED'?

Check the list.

Name of Horse:

Date Before:

Date After:

All of the conditions listed are known to respond to diet changes. However the time frame varies depending on severity and/or length of time they have been affected.

To determine if your horse is 'Grass Affected', fill out one form per horse, make the recommended diet changes outlined in the Providelt Plan on the website for at least a month then repeat and tick the boxes in the after column and compare!



B A Showing Signs of Metabolic Syndrome?

Puffy around the eyes, sheath

Bloodshot eyes

Cresty neck

Pads of fat above tail-head, sides of rump and/or behind

Various edemas

Frequent urination

Laminitis

Crest of neck goes hard

Starts walking stiffly

Sore feet, shifting weight from foot to foot

Progresses to

Reluctance to move at all

Rocked back stance

Lies down a lot

Sweating due to pain

Further Progression will occur to:

Founder where the laminae have 'let go'

The pedal bone 'rotates' or drops causing

Convex soles and if soles are thin it will come through

Extreme pain

Cushing's Syndrome

Grows long, often curly coat

Failure to shed

Many signs of Metabolic Syndrome above

Depressed

Prone to laminitis

Sweats easily

Early onset of 'saggy back'

Blood test confirms

B A Signs of 'Staggers'

Feels heavy on the forehand

Dull/lethargic

Difficulty going down-hills

Difficulty backing up

Stumbles over nothing, drags toes

Bolshy, bargy

'Zonked' look, eyes half asleep

Drunken gait, gives out in the hind-quarters

Falls over

Over-reactive especially to noise

Musculo-Skeletal Problems

(these can turn out to be 'chemistry' problems)

Tense, worried expression

Muscle sore

Endless saddle-fitting issues

'Sacro-iliac' problems...

Tight behind, bunny-hops at canter

Explosive trot-canter transitions

Throws head in the air

Swaps leads behind

Failure to track up

Difficult to bend

Permanent veer in one direction

Would rather jig-jog than walk out

Uncomfortable to ride / sit to trot

*'Hitches' a hind leg

*Locking stifles

Seems to need joint supplements

Early onset of arthritis

^{*}Some horses, especially head flickers can take several months.

^{*} If you are in any doubt about the welfare of your horse, do not hesitate to call your veterinarian.

B A Signs of 'Increased Excitability'

Fence walking / running

Tight muscles, on edge

Twitches when touched on flanks, withers etc

Doesn't like to be touched or brushed

Dislikes cover going on

Hyper-sensitive

Ear-shy, difficult to bridle

Can't put your legs on / Kicks out at your leg

Spooky (at little or familiar things)

Seems like eyesight is affected

Impulsive (wants to run off or get faster)

Separation anxiety / herd bound

Hollows out, wants to put head up

Classed as 'Right-brained extrovert'

No attention span, ADHD

Can't cope with pressure / Loses the plot

Reactive rather than responsive

Limited progress with schooling

Girthy / Cold-backed

Short-steps when first saddled

Sweats with little exertion

Excessive yawning

Bad with needles

Dangerous Symptoms

Pulls back at the slightest thing

Explodes when first saddled

Tail whipping/clamping

'Cover-running' (bolting around when covered)

Bucking, bolting

Overly claustrophobic

Flies back out of the float

Aggression

A Dangerous (cont)

Excessive separation anxiety

Massive spooks at small things

Head-flicking/shaking

Uncharacteristic behaviour

Head-Flicking & associated issues

(Otherwise known as Head Shaking)

Hyper-sensitivity

Paresthesia (severe itching)

Sacro-iliac and other musculo-skeletal issues above

*Wanting to rub their nose on their leg

*Boxing at their nose

*Muzzle twitching

Light sensitivity/photophobia

Agitation

High urine pH

Reproductive

Hormonal mares/'raging' seasons

Failure to cycle properly

Difficulty conceiving

Abortions/still births/thick placentas

Limb deformities/contracted tendons

*Developmental Orthopedic Diseases

Geldings behaving like stallions

Digestive

Soft to sloppy or projectile manure

Loss of appetite, off feed

Gastric or Intestinal Tract Ulcers

Depressed / agitated / grumpy

Exercise or feed-related bouts of colic

Wind-sucking

III-thrift, no top-line

Poor hoof quality and coat colour

B A *Respiratory Conditions

Rhinitis (ulceration of nasal membranes)

Excessive snorting/head tossing

No puff when exercised

Coughing on exertion

Breathing audible even at rest

Pasture heaves/distressed breathing

Develops Allergies

Skin/Hoof Conditions

Mud-fever/sunburn

Rain-scald

Hair loss

*Paresthesia (Excessive Itching)

Weak, scant manes/tails

Poor coat colour

Dry, dull, staring coat

Poor hoof quality

Repeated abcessing

'Snatchy' with hooves for farrier/trimmer

Difficulty holding hind legs up

Other Metabolic problems

(These require immediate veterinary attention but with diet changes there should be no relapse)

Tying Up'

'Gaseous' colic's (very loud stomach noises)

Grass Tetany (tend to lie on their side, head

arched back, legs rigid, periodic paddling)

Seizures, convulsions

Signs of Calcium Deficiency

All issues in the list with * - also the following...

Bony enlargements/ splints

Muscle Cramps

'Big Head'